Progression in Measurement:

| COMPARING AND ESTIMATING |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| compare, describe and solve practical problems for: <br> * lengths and heights [e.g. long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half] <br> * mass/weight [e.g. heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than] <br> * capacity and volume [e.g. full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter] <br> * time [e.g. quicker, slower, earlier, later] | compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>,<$ and $=$ |  | estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence (also included in Measuring) | calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes (also included in measuring) estimate volume (e.g. <br> using $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ blocks to build cubes and cuboids) and capacity (e.g. using water) | calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(m_{3}^{3}\right)_{3}$, and extending to other units such as $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$. |
| sequence events in chronological order using language [e.g. before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] | compare and sequence intervals of time | compare durations of events, for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks |  |  |  |
|  |  | estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight |  |  |  |
| MEASURING AND CALCULATING |  |  |  |  |  |
| measure and begin to record the following: <br> * lengths and heights <br> * mass/weight <br> * capacity and volume <br> * time (hours, minutes, seconds) | choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); <br> temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels | measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm} / \mathrm{mm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); volume/capacity ( $1 / \mathrm{ml}$ ) | estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence | use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (e.g. length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation including scaling. | solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate |
|  |  | measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes | measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres | measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres | recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa |
| recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes | recognise and use symbols for pounds ( $£$ ) and pence (p): combine amounts to make a particular value <br> find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money <br> solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change | add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both $£$ and $p$ in practical contexts |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares | calculate and compare the area of squares and rectangles including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres ( $m^{2}$ ) and estimate the area of irregular shapes | calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles |
|  |  |  |  |  | calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) and cubic metres $\left(m^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [e.g. $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}{ }^{3}$ ]. |
|  |  |  |  |  | recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes |


| TELLING THE TIME |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. | tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. | tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12 -hour and 24-hour clocks | read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24 -hour clocks |  |  |
| recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years | know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes, hours and o'clock; use vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes: minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days | solve problems involving converting between units of time |  |
| ( CONVERTING |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. (appears also in Telling the Time) | know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year | convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute) | convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. kilometre and metre: centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) | use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places |
|  |  |  | read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks | solve problems involving converting between units of time | solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate |
|  |  |  | solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes: minutes to seconds: years to months; weeks to days | understand and use equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints | convert between miles and kilometres |

