



# **THE MOSLEY ACADEMY**

## **POLICY FOR RELATIONSHIPS AND HEALTH EDUCATION (INCLUDING PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL EDUCATION)**

Written September 2020  
Approved by Governors November 2020

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**STATEMENT OF INTENT**

At The Mosley Academy, we understand that pupils must be provided with an education that prepares them for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life. A key part of this relates to relationships and health education, which must be delivered to every primary-aged pupil. Primary schools also have the option to decide whether pupils are taught sex education.

Relationships education focusses on giving pupils the knowledge they need to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships, and to build their self-efficacy. Health education focusses on equipping pupils with the knowledge they need to make good decisions about their own health and wellbeing.

We understand our responsibility to deliver a high-quality, age-appropriate and evidence-based relationships and health curriculum for all our pupils. This policy sets out the framework for our relationships and health curriculum, providing clarity on how it is informed, organised and delivered.

**SIGNED BY:**

*HEADTEACHER:* \_\_\_\_\_

*DATE:* \_\_\_\_\_

*CHAIR OF GOVERNORS:* \_\_\_\_\_

*DATE:* \_\_\_\_\_

## 1. LEGAL FRAMEWORK

- This policy has due regard to legislation and statutory guidance including, but not limited to, the following:
  - Section 80A of the Education Act 2002
  - Children and Social Work Act 2017
  - The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019
  - Equality Act 2010
  - DfE (2019) 'Relationships, Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education'
  - DfE (2013) 'Science programmes of study: key stages 1 and 2'
- This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:
  - Policy for Behaviour and Discipline; Statement/Code of Practice for Exclusion
  - Policy for Safeguarding Children
  - Policy for Healthy Eating
  - Policy for Health and Safety
  - Policy for Anti-Bullying
  - Policy for Supporting Pupils with Medical Needs
  - Policy on Equal Opportunities
  - Policy on Special Educational Needs and Disabilities
  - Online Safety Procedures

## 2. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- The **local governing body** is responsible for:
  - Ensuring all pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes.
  - Ensuring the curriculum is well led, effectively managed and well planned.
  - Evaluating the quality of provision through regular and effective self-evaluation.
  - Ensuring teaching is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND.
  - Providing clear information for parents on subject content and their rights to request that their children are withdrawn.
  - Making sure the subjects are resourced, staffed and timetabled in a way that ensures the school can fulfil its legal obligations.
  -
- The **headteacher** is responsible for:
  - The overall implementation of this policy.
  - Ensuring staff are suitably trained to deliver the subjects.
  - Ensuring that parents are fully informed of this policy.

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- Organising alternative education for pupils, where necessary, that is appropriate and purposeful.
- Reporting to the governing board on the effectiveness of this policy.
- Reviewing this policy on an annual basis.
- The **PSHE coordinator/relationships and health education leader** is responsible for:
  - Overseeing the delivery of the subjects.
  - Ensuring the subjects are age-appropriate and high-quality.
  - Ensuring teachers are provided with adequate resources to support teaching of the subjects.
  - Ensuring the school meets its statutory requirements in relation to the relationships and health curriculum.
  - Ensuring the relationships and health curriculum is inclusive and accessible for all pupils.
  - Working with other subject leaders to ensure the relationships and health curriculum complements, but does not duplicate, the content covered in the national curriculum.
  - Monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of the subjects and providing reports to the headteacher.
- The **teachers** are responsible for:
  - Delivering a high-quality and age-appropriate relationships and health curriculum in line with statutory requirements.
  - Using a variety of teaching methods and resources to provide an engaging curriculum that meets the needs of all pupils.
  - Ensuring they do not express personal views or beliefs when delivering the programme.
  - Modelling positive attitudes to relationships and health education.
  - Responding to any safeguarding concerns in line with the Policy for Safeguarding Children.
  - Acting in accordance with planning, monitoring and assessment requirements for the subjects.
  - Liaising with the SENDCO to identify and respond to individual needs of pupils with SEND.
  - Working with the relationships and health education subject leader to evaluate the quality of provision.
- The **SENDCO** is responsible for:
  - Advising teaching staff how best to identify and support pupils' individual needs.
  - Advising staff on the use of Learning Support Assistants in order to meet pupils' individual needs.

### 3. **ORGANISATION OF THE CURRICULUM**

- Every primary school is required to deliver statutory relationships education and health education.

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- For the purpose of this policy, “**relationships education**” is defined as teaching pupils about healthy, respectful relationships, focussing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online.
- For the purpose of this policy, “**health education**” is defined as teaching pupils about physical health and mental wellbeing, focussing on recognising the link between the two and being able to make healthy lifestyle choices.
- The delivery of the relationships education and health education coincide with one another and will be delivered as part of the school’s PSHE curriculum.
- The relationships and health curriculum has been organised in line with the statutory requirements outlined in the DfE (2019) ‘Relationships, Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education’ guidance.
- The relationships and health curriculum takes into account the views of teachers, pupils and parents. We are dedicated to ensuring our curriculum meets the needs of the whole-school community.
- The relationships and health curriculum is informed by issues in the school and wider community to ensure it is tailored to pupils’ needs.
- We consult with parents, pupils and staff in the following ways:
  - Questionnaires and surveys
  - Meetings
  - Workshops
  - Newsletters
  - ParentMail
- The school has organised a curriculum that is age-appropriate for pupils within each year group, based on the views of teachers, parents and pupils.
- When organising the curriculum, the religious backgrounds of all pupils will be considered, so that the topics that are covered are taught appropriately.
- The school uses Jigsaw to deliver PSHE and Relationships and Health Education, which is a whole school programme that is progressive across year groups. All year groups will work on the same puzzle at the same time. Each puzzle consists of 6 pieces (lessons) which work towards an end product. The school uses the second edition which includes relationship education and financial wellbeing for children.

#### **4. CONSULTATION WITH PARENTS**

- The school works closely with parents by establishing open communication to ensure they have a good awareness of curriculum content. Our Parent Forum have also been consulted as part of the development of this policy.
- Throughout this policy, parents are provided with the following information:

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- The content of the relationships and health curriculum.
  - The delivery of the relationships and health curriculum, including what is taught in each year group.
  - The legalities surrounding withdrawing their child from the subjects.
  - Resources that will be used to support the curriculum can be made available on specific request.
- Parents are consulted in the review of this policy, and are encouraged to provide their views at appropriately scheduled times throughout the school year.

## **5. RELATIONSHIPS EDUCATION OVERVIEW**

***The following education content is statutory and parents CANNOT withdraw their child from these areas of learning;***

### **Families and people who care for me**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That families are important for them growing up because they can give love, security and stability.
- The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives.
- That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.
- That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.
- That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.
- How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.

### **Caring friendships**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends.
- The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences, and support with problems and difficulties.

- That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.
- That most friendships have ups and downs, but that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right.
- How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust.
- How to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable.
- How to manage conflict.
- How to manage different situations and how to seek help from others if needed.

### **Respectful relationships**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), make different choices, or have different preferences or beliefs.
- Which practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.
- The conventions of courtesy and manners.
- The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness.
- That in school and wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.
- About the different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying to an adult, and how to seek help.
- What a stereotype is, and how they can be unfair, negative or destructive.
- The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.

### **Online relationships**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That people sometimes behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not.
- That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online, even when we are anonymous.
- The rules and principles for keeping safe online.
- How to recognise harmful content and contact online, and how to report these.
- How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information.
- The risks associated with people they have never met.
- How information and data is shared and used online.



## **Being safe**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others – including in a digital context.
- About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults.
- That it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.
- That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) who they do not know.
- How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult.
- How to ask for advice or help for themselves and others, and to keep trying until they are heard.
- How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- Where to seek advice, for example, from their family, their school and other sources.

## **6. HEALTH EDUCATION OVERVIEW**

***The following education content is statutory and parents CANNOT withdraw their child from these areas of learning;***

The focus at primary level is teaching the characteristics of good physical health and mental wellbeing.

### **Mental wellbeing**

By the end of primary school pupils will know:

- That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.
- That there is a normal range of emotions, e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise and nervousness.
- The scale of emotions that humans experience in response to different experiences and situations.
- How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.
- How to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate.
- The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, and voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.

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- Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family, and the benefits of hobbies and interests.
- How isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important they discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.
- That bullying (including cyberbullying) has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.
- Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), extending to who in school they should speak to if they are worried about themselves or others.
- That it is common to experience mental ill health and, for the many people who do, the problems can be resolved if the right support is made available, especially if accessed early enough.

### **Internet safety and harms**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- That for most people, the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.
- About the benefits of rationing time spent online.
- The risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices.
- The impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing.
- How to consider the effect of their online actions on others.
- How to recognise and display respectful behaviour online.
- The importance of keeping personal information private.
- Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age-restricted.
- That the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health.
- How to be a discerning consumer of information online, including understanding that information (inclusive of that from search engines) is ranked, selected and targeted.
- Where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online.

### **Physical health and fitness**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle.
- The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this, for example by walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile, or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise.
- The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle, including obesity.
- How and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health.

### **Healthy eating**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- What constitutes a healthy diet, including an understanding of calories and other nutritional content.
- The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals.
- The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating, including obesity, and other behaviours, e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health.

### **Drugs alcohol and tobacco**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.

### **Health and prevention**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss or unexplained changes to the body.
- About safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.
- The importance of sufficient good-quality sleep for good health, and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.
- About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.
- About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria and viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of hand washing.
- The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.

### **Basic first aid**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary.
- Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.

### **Changing adolescent body**

By the end of primary school, pupils will know:

- Key facts about puberty and the changing adolescent body, particularly from age 9 through to age 11, including physical and emotional changes.
- About menstrual wellbeing and key facts relating to the menstrual cycle.
- Please Note; children will be shown imagery of external body parts throughout this topic; linking to their Science learning.

## **7. RELATIONSHIPS AND HEALTH EDUCATION BY YEAR GROUP**

- The school is free to determine, within the statutory curriculum content outlined in sections 5 and 6, what pupils are taught during each year group. The outline of content can be viewed in the school's long term plan for PSHE and Relationships and Health Education in **APPENDIX A**.
- The school always considers the age and development of pupils when deciding what will be taught in each year group.
- The school plans a progressive curriculum, such that topics are built upon prior knowledge taught in previous years as they progress through school to provide a smooth transition to secondary school.
- Financial education will be taught from Year 1 to Year 6 in the summer term. Teachers will be using the resources from 'NatWest: Money Matters' and 'Twinkl: Money Matters' which covers:
  - What does money look like?
  - Where does money come from?
  - How to look after my money in Key Stage 1.
  - Spending and Saving
  - The difference between 'wants' and 'needs'
  - Weekly budgeting and planning meals in Key Stage 2.
  - Use of bank accounts
  - Lending and Borrowing
  - Taxes and why we have them
  - Year 6 will be offered the opportunity to take part in an enterprise project in the summer term where the children will set up a business in groups. This project will be run outside of school hours.

## **8. SEX EDUCATION**

- All pupils must be taught the aspects of sex education outlined in the year 5 primary science curriculum – this includes teaching about the main external parts of the human body, how it changes as it grows from birth to old age, including puberty, and the reproductive process in some plants and animals.
- At our school, we **do not** teach pupils sex education beyond what is required of the science curriculum.

## **9. DELIVERY OF THE CURRICULUM**

- The relationships and health curriculum will be delivered as part of our **PSHE curriculum**.
- The required content is communicated to pupils clearly, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned scheme of work.

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- Jigsaw supplies staff with 6 (pieces) lessons to teach from with a set structure for EYFS and a set structure for KS1 and 2. This consists of the following:
  - Connect us: Improves the pupils' social skills to better enable collaborative learning. Supports the Jigsaw charter by building social skills, positive relationships and collaborative learning. These skills will be taught each piece but should be reinforced throughout the whole day.
  - Calm me: Focuses on relaxation and calming emotions to ensure learning can occur which produces a peaceful atmosphere. A calm me script is used for this and can be found for each piece (lesson). It uses breathing techniques, listening, concentration Etc. The use of a chime is used at the end of the lessons. Allows children to focus on the learning outcome of the lesson.
  - Tell me or show me: This sections teaches the children something new such as new information, skills or concepts. The activities and approaches are different dependent upon the piece.
  - Let me learn: This section is the 'use and apply' activity to reinforce what they have learnt. Let me learn is usually where the children record learning. This is done in a variety of way including individually, paired or in a group.
  - Help me reflect: Throughout Jigsaw, children are encouraged to reflect on their own learning and progress. Children record their reflections in the 'Reflection Puzzle Piece' of their Jigsaw Journals.
- Each piece will have a different 'Help me Reflect' activity. Staff should praise the children's learning, efforts and positive attitudes at the end of every piece. Jigsaw places an emphasis on active learning by including the pupils in circle time, discussions, role play, investigation and problem solving activities. Pupils should also be given opportunities to learn through practical and relevant activities and events away from Jigsaw, for example fund raising for charities and visitors to the school.
- In Early Years Foundation Stage, the learning experiences are planned from the Early Years Foundation Stage Curriculum. The curriculum identifies Personal, Social and Emotional Development as a prime area of learning. Each puzzle links to development stages suited for the age expectation of the year group (Foundation 1 – Nursery, Foundation 2 – Reception).
- Within the EYFS Jigsaw supports practitioners by providing suggestions away from the session to continue the children's learning at school and at home. These include child initiated and adult led activity ideas, assessment opportunities and cross curricular links, home learning and family links.
- Teaching of the curriculum reflects requirements set out in law, particularly the Equality Act 2010, so that pupils understand what the law does and does not allow, and the wider legal implications of the decisions they make.

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- The school ensures that all teaching and materials are appropriate for the ages of the pupils, their religious backgrounds, their developmental stages and any additional needs, such as SEND.
- Lesson plans will provide appropriate challenge for pupils and be differentiated for pupils' needs.
- Throughout every year group, appropriate diagrams, videos, books, games, discussion and practical activities will be used to assist learning.
- Inappropriate images, videos, etc., will not be used, and resources will be selected with sensitivity given to the age, developmental stage and cultural background of pupils.
- Teachers will establish what is appropriate for one-to-one and whole-class settings, and alter their teaching of the programme accordingly.
- Teachers will ensure that pupils' views are listened to and will encourage them to ask questions and engage in discussion. Teachers will answer questions sensitively, honestly and appropriate to the pupil's age.
- Teachers will ensure that lesson plans are centred around reducing stigma, particularly in relation to mental wellbeing, and encouraging openness through discussion activities and group work.
- Teachers will ensure lesson plans focus on challenging perceived views of pupils based on protected characteristics, through exploration of, and developing mutual respect for, those different to themselves.

#### **10. WORKING WITH EXTERNAL EXPERTS**

- External experts may be invited to assist from time-to-time with the delivery of the programme and will be expected to comply with the provisions of this policy.
- The school will ensure that the teaching delivered by the external expert fits with the planned curriculum and this policy.
- Before delivering the session, the school will discuss the details of the expert's lesson plan and ensure that the content is age-appropriate and accessible for the pupils.
- The school will also ask to see the materials the expert intends to use, as well as a copy of the lesson plan, to ensure it meets all pupils' needs, including those with SEND.
- The school will agree with the expert the procedures for confidentiality, ensuring that the expert understands how safeguarding reports should be dealt with in line with the Policy on Safeguarding Children.

- The intended use of external experts is to enhance the curriculum delivered by teachers, rather than as a replacement for teachers.

## **11. EQUALITY AND ACCESSIBILITY**

- The school understands its responsibilities in relation to the Equality Act 2010, specifically that it must not unlawfully discriminate against any pupil because of their:
  - Age
  - Sex or sexual orientation
  - Race
  - Disability
  - Religion or belief
  - Gender reassignment
  - Pregnancy or maternity
  - Marriage or civil partnership
- The school is committed to making reasonable adjustments wherever possible to promote accessibility and inclusivity of the curriculum.
- The school understands that pupils with SEND or other needs (such as those with social, emotional or mental health needs) are entitled to learn about relationships and health education, and the programme will be designed to be inclusive of all pupils.
- Teachers will understand that they may need to be more explicit and adapt their planning of work and teaching methods in order to appropriately deliver the programme to pupils with SEND or other needs.
- Provisions under the Equality Act 2010 allow our school to take positive action, where it can be evidenced to be proportionate, to respond to particular disadvantages affecting a group because of a protected characteristic.
- When deciding whether support is necessary to support pupils with a particular protected characteristic, we will consider our pupils' needs, including the gender and age range of our pupils.

## **12. CURRICULUM LINKS**

- The school seeks opportunities to draw links between relationships and health education and other curriculum subjects wherever possible to enhance pupils' learning.
- Relationships and health education will be linked to the following subjects in particular:
  - **Science** – pupils learn about the main external parts of the body and changes to the body as it grows from birth to old age, including puberty.

- **Computing and ICT** – pupils learn about online safety, including how to use technology safely, responsibly, respectfully and securely, how to keep personal information private and how to access help and support.
- **PE** – pupils explore various physical activities, are physically active for sustained periods of time, engage in competitive sport and understand how exercise can lead to healthier lifestyles.
- **Citizenship** – pupils learn about the requirements of the law, their responsibilities and the possible consequences of their actions.
- **British Values** – Children are encouraged from EYFS to treat each other with mutual respect. Children taught about the similarities and differences between themselves and others. This is encouraged through the use of the role play areas and language used e.g. firefighters not fireman. Challenging stereotypes through resources, such as, gender and cultural and racial stereotyping through and stories.
- **PSHE** – pupils learn about respect and difference, values and characteristics of individuals.
- **Maths** – pupils learn about money, how to budget, understand how to spend and save and how taxes are calculated

### **13. WITHDRAWING FROM THE SUBJECTS**

- Relationships and health education are statutory at primary and parents **do not** have the right to withdraw their child from the subjects.

### **14. BEHAVIOUR**

- The school has a zero-tolerance approach to bullying. We aim to foster a culture based on mutual respect and understanding for one another. All members of our school community are committed to 'being the best they can be'.
- Any bullying incidents caused as a result of the relationships and health education programme will be dealt with as seriously as other bullying incidents within the school.
- Any occurrence of these incidents will be reported to a member of school staff, who will then discipline the pupil once they are on school premises.
- These incidents will be dealt with following the processes in our Policy for Behaviour and Discipline; Statement/Code of Practice for Exclusion and Anti-Bullying Policy.
- The headteacher will decide whether it is appropriate to notify the police or an anti-social behaviour coordinator in the JTMAT or their LA of the action taken against a pupil.

### **15. STAFF TRAINING**



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- All staff members at the school will undergo regular training to ensure they are up-to-date with the relationships and health education programme and associated issues.
- Training of staff will also be scheduled around any updated guidance on the programme and any new developments, which may need to be addressed in relation to the programme.

#### **16. CONFIDENTIALITY**

- Confidentiality within the classroom is an important component of relationships and health education, and teachers are expected to respect the confidentiality of their pupils as far as is possible.
- Teachers will, however, alert the headteacher about any suspicions of inappropriate behaviour or potential abuse as per the school's Policy for Safeguarding Children.
- Pupils will be fully informed of the school's responsibilities in terms of confidentiality and will be aware of what action may be taken if they choose to report a concern or make a disclosure.
- Any reports made during lessons, or as a result of the content taught through the curriculum, will be reported to the DSL and handled in accordance with the Policy for Safeguarding Children.

#### **17. MONITORING QUALITY**

- The **relationships, sex and health education subject leader** is responsible for monitoring the quality of teaching and learning for the subjects.
- The **relationships, sex and health education subject leader** will conduct subject assessments throughout the school year, which will include work scrutiny, pupil questionnaires and learning walks.
- The **relationships and health education subject leader** will create **annual** subject reports for the **headteacher** and **local governing body** to report on the quality of the subjects.
- **Relationships and health education** is assessed through Classroom Monitor where attainment and progressed can be tracked.

#### **18. MONITORING AND REVIEW**

- This policy will also be reviewed in light of any changes to statutory guidance, feedback from parents, staff or pupils, and issues in the school or local area that may need addressing.
- The **local governing board** is responsible for approving this policy.

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- Any changes made to this policy will be communicated to all staff, parents and, where necessary, pupils.

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**APPENDIX A – LONG TERM PLAN FOR PSHE, RELATIONSHIPS AND HEALTH EDUCATION**

Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships
<b>Ages 3-5 (F1-F2)</b>	Self-identity Understanding feelings Being in a classroom Being gentle Rights and responsibilities	Identifying talents Being special Families Where we live Making friends Standing up for yourself	Challenges Perseverance Goal-setting Overcoming obstacles Seeking help Jobs Achieving goals	Exercising bodies Physical activity Healthy food Sleep Keeping clean Safety	Family life Friendships Breaking friendships Falling out Dealing with bullying Being a good friend
<b>Ages 5-6</b>	Feeling special and safe Being part of a class Rights and responsibilities Rewards and feeling proud Consequences Owning the Learning Charter	Similarities and differences Understanding bullying and knowing how to deal with it Making new friends Celebrating the differences in everyone	Setting goals Identifying successes and achievements Learning styles Working well and celebrating achievement with a partner Tackling new challenges Identifying and overcoming obstacles Feelings of success	Keeping myself healthy Healthier lifestyle choices Keeping clean Being safe Medicine safety/safety with household items Road safety Linking health and happiness	Belonging to a family Making friends/being a good friend Physical contact preferences People who help us Qualities as a friend and person Self-acknowledgement Being a good friend to myself Celebrating special relationships
<b>Ages 6-7</b>	Hopes and fears for the year Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Safe and fair learning environment Valuing contributions Choices Recognising feelings	Assumptions and stereotypes about gender Understanding bullying Standing up for self and others Making new friends Gender diversity Celebrating difference and remaining friends	Achieving realistic goals Perseverance Learning strengths Learning with others Group co-operation Contributing to and sharing success	Motivation Healthier choices Relaxation Healthy eating and nutrition Healthier snacks and sharing food	Different types of family Physical contact boundaries Friendship and conflict Secrets Trust and appreciation Expressing appreciation for special relationships
<b>Ages 7-8</b>	Setting personal goals Self-identity and worth Positivity in challenges Rules, rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences Responsible choices Seeing things from others' perspectives	Families and their differences Family conflict and how to manage it (child-centred) Witnessing bullying and how to solve it Recognising how words can be hurtful Giving and receiving compliments	Difficult challenges and achieving success Dreams and ambitions New challenges Motivation and enthusiasm Recognising and trying to overcome obstacles Evaluating learning processes Managing feelings Simple budgeting	Exercise Fitness challenges Food labelling and healthy swaps Attitudes towards drugs Keeping safe and why it's important online and off line scenarios Respect for myself and others Healthy and safe choices	Family roles and responsibilities Friendship and negotiation Keeping safe online and who to go to for help Being a global citizen Being aware of how my choices affect others Awareness of how other children have different lives Expressing appreciation for family and friends

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POLICY FOR RELATIONSHIPS AND HEALTH EDUCATION, INCLUDING PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL EDUCATION

Age Group	Being Me In My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships
<b>Ages 8-9</b>	Being part of a class team Being a school citizen Rights, responsibilities and democracy (school council) Rewards and consequences Group decision-making Having a voice What motivates behaviour	Challenging assumptions Judging by appearance Accepting self and others Understanding influences Understanding bullying Problem-solving Identifying how special and unique everyone is First impressions	Hopes and dreams Overcoming disappointment Creating new, realistic dreams Achieving goals Working in a group Celebrating contributions Resilience Positive attitudes	Healthier friendships Group dynamics Smoking Alcohol Assertiveness Peer pressure Celebrating inner strength	Jealousy Love and loss Memories of loved ones Getting on and Falling Out Girlfriends and boyfriends Showing appreciation to people and animals
<b>Ages 9-10</b>	Planning the forthcoming year Being a citizen Rights and responsibilities Rewards and consequences How behaviour affects groups Democracy, having a voice, participating	Cultural differences and how they can cause conflict Racism Rumours and name-calling Types of bullying Material wealth and happiness Enjoying and respecting other cultures	Future dreams The importance of money Jobs and careers Dream job and how to get there Goals in different cultures Supporting others (charity) Motivation	Smoking, including vaping Alcohol Alcohol and anti-social behaviour Emergency aid Body image Relationships with food Healthy choices Motivation and behaviour	Self-recognition and self-worth Building self-esteem Safer online communities Rights and responsibilities online Online gaming and gambling Reducing screen time Dangers of online grooming SMARRT internet safety rules
<b>Ages 10-11</b>	Identifying goals for the year Global citizenship Children's universal rights Feeling welcome and valued Choices, consequences and rewards Group dynamics Democracy, having a voice Anti-social behaviour Role-modelling	Perceptions of normality Understanding disability Power struggles Understanding bullying Inclusion/exclusion Differences as conflict, difference as celebration Empathy	Personal learning goals, in and out of school Success criteria Emotions in success Making a difference in the world Motivation Recognising achievements Compliments	Taking personal responsibility How substances affect the body Exploitation, including 'county lines' and gang culture Emotional and mental health Managing stress	Mental health Identifying mental health worries and sources of support Love and loss Managing feelings Power and control Assertiveness Technology safety Take responsibility with technology use